



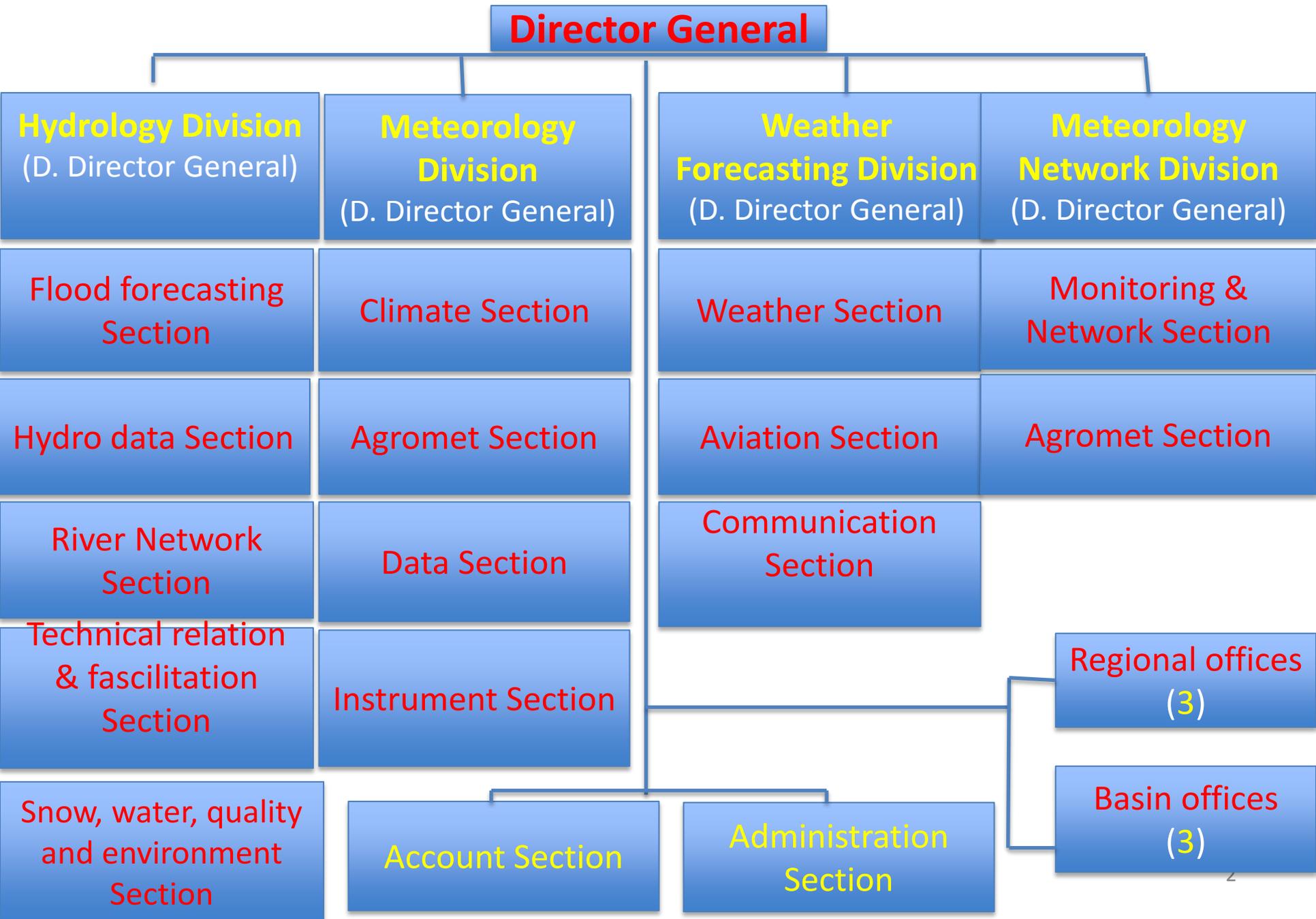
Regional Stakeholder Consultation on Climate Services for the Third Pole Region

Jaipur, India
9-11 March 2016

NEPAL

National capabilities for production,
management, delivery and application of
climate services

Organization structure of DHM



Capacities for provision of climate services

- Climate Section
- Total 5 staffs
- 1 Senior Divisional Meteorologist
- 2 Meteorologist
- 2 Assistant Meteorologist
- But currently only 3 staffs (2 Meteorologists, 1 Asst. Meteorologist)

Hierarchies of climate services

- -**Category 1:** A basic range of climate data services and information products;
 - -**Category 2:** Essential climate data services and information products;
 - -**Category 3:** A comprehensive range of climate data services and information products; and
 - -**Category 4:** Provision of advanced climate services.
-
- Presently the climate service of DHM has characteristics of category 1 and 2 climate service
 - basic and essential climate services such as basic climate statistics and maps, some climate monitoring products, seasonal outlooks and special studies.
 - Interpolated data from observations and downscaled climate scenario from climate data portal (WRF, PRECIS, REG CM4, mid 21st century)

Current status of provision of climate services to sectors and existing user interface mechanisms (e.g. NCOF/NCF)

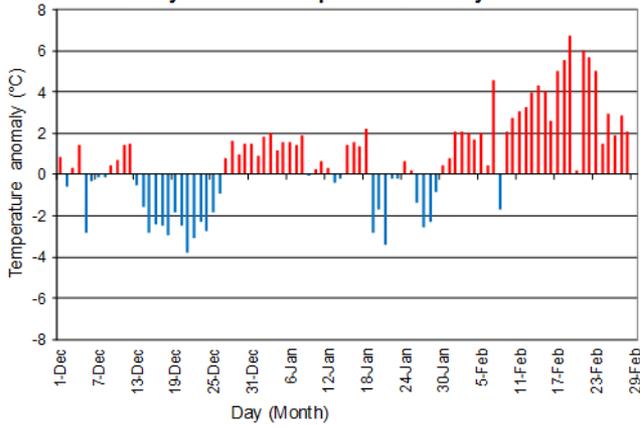
- Normals (data, maps)
- Temperature Monitoring (5)
- Monsoon Rainfall Monitoring (16+ all Nepal)
- Kathmandu valley Rainfall Monitoring
- Preliminary Monthly Weather Report
- Weekly Weather Report
- Extreme rainfall Monitoring
- Extreme temperature Monitoring
- Annual Report, Seasonal Report
- Seasonal forecast (Monsoon Forum)
- Special studies (Climatic classification of Nepal, Climate variability of Nepal, Agroclimatic Atlas of Nepal etc.)



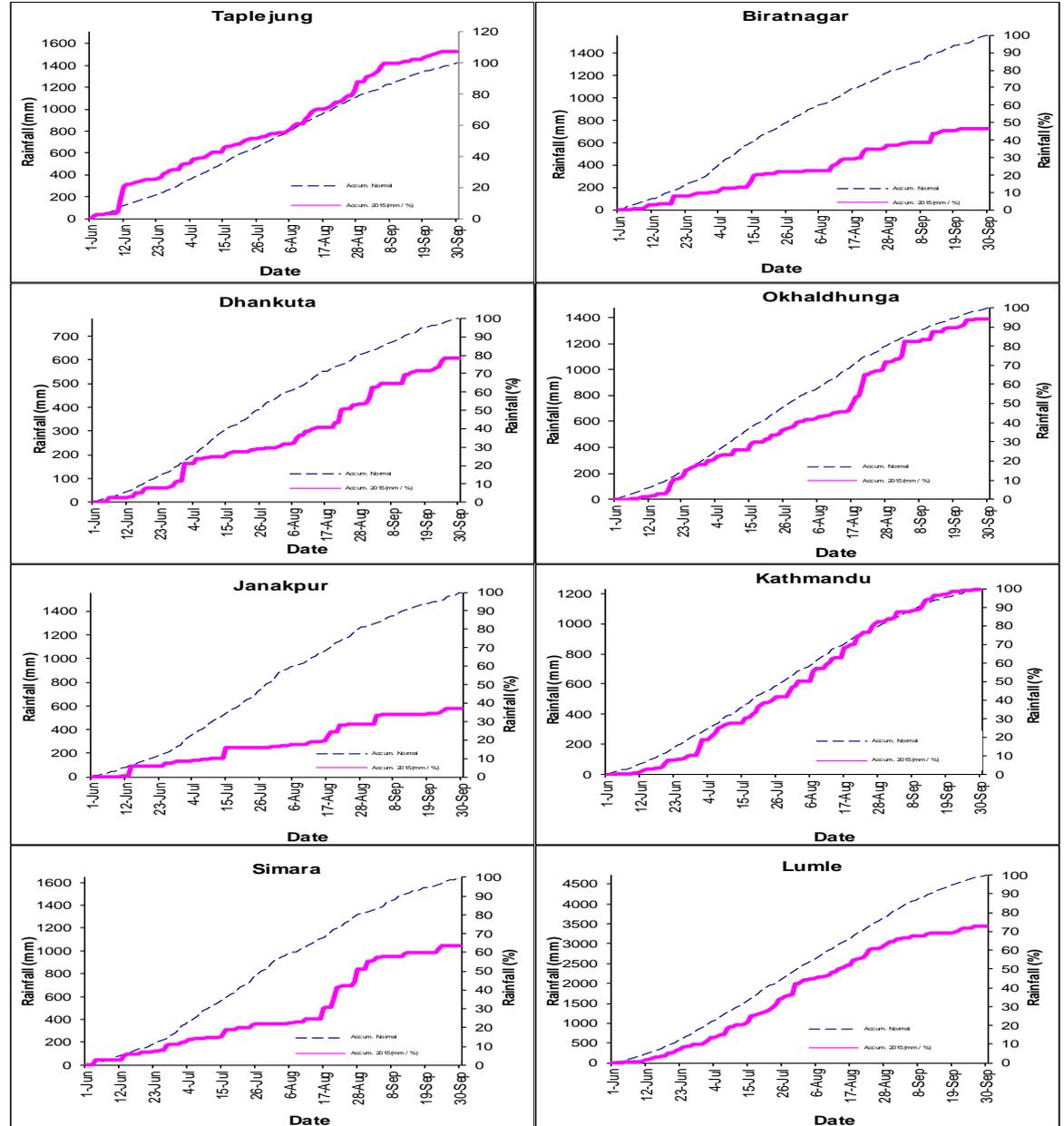
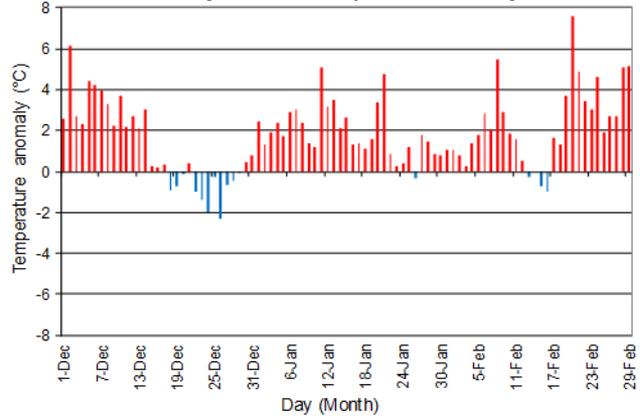
Monsoon Monitoring 2015

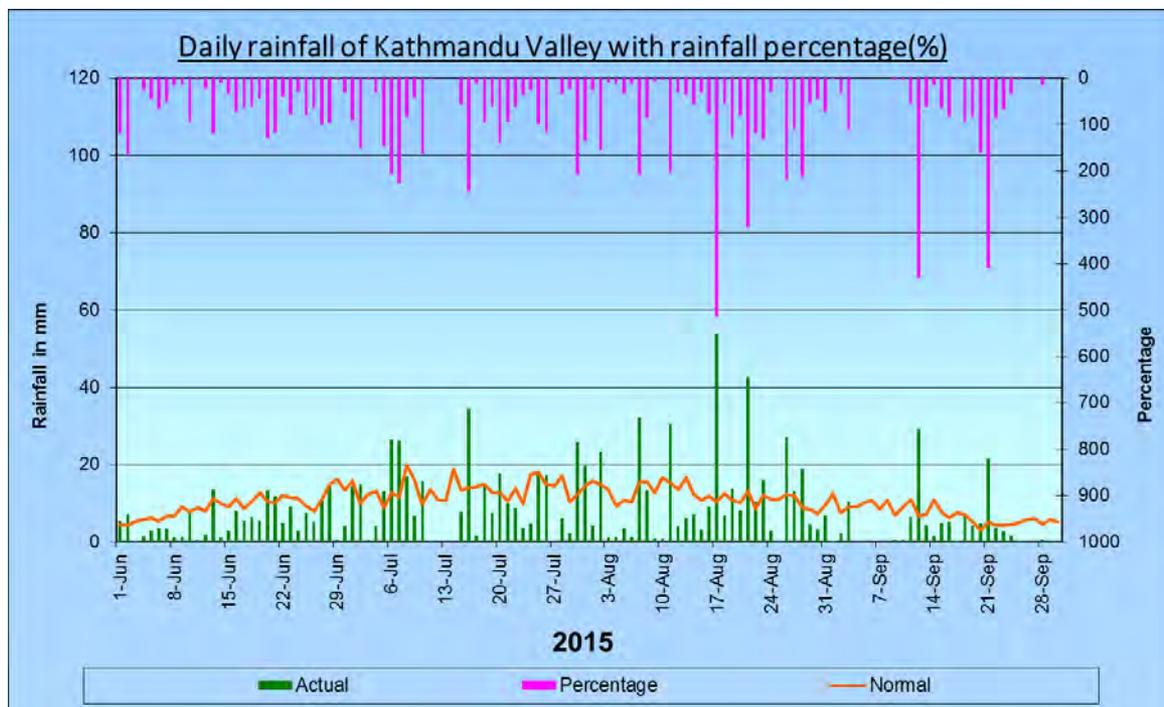
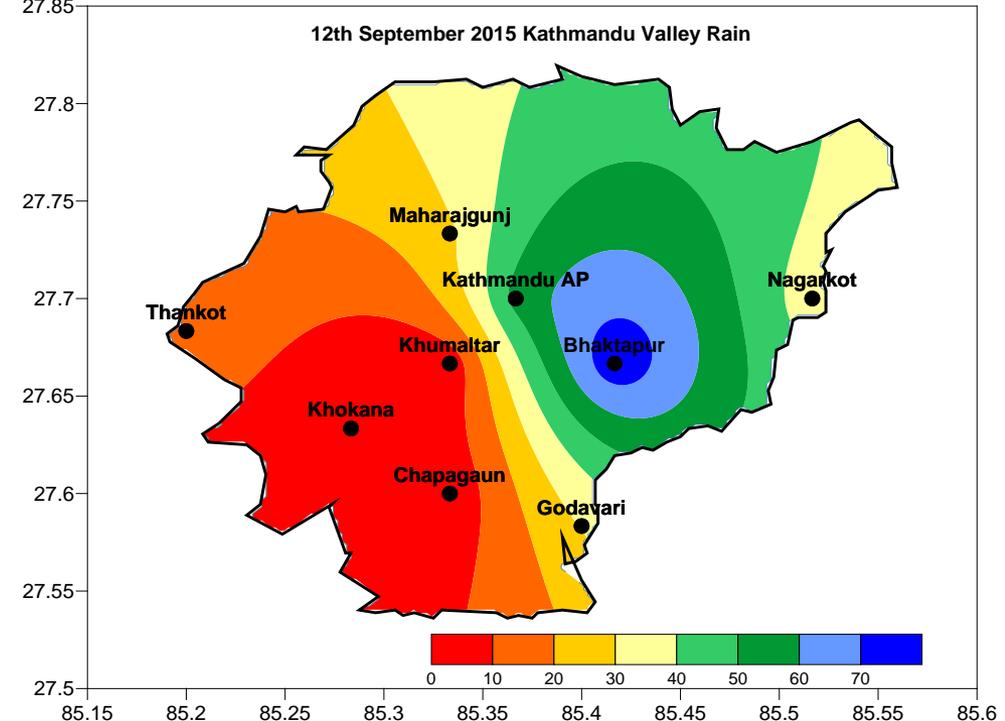
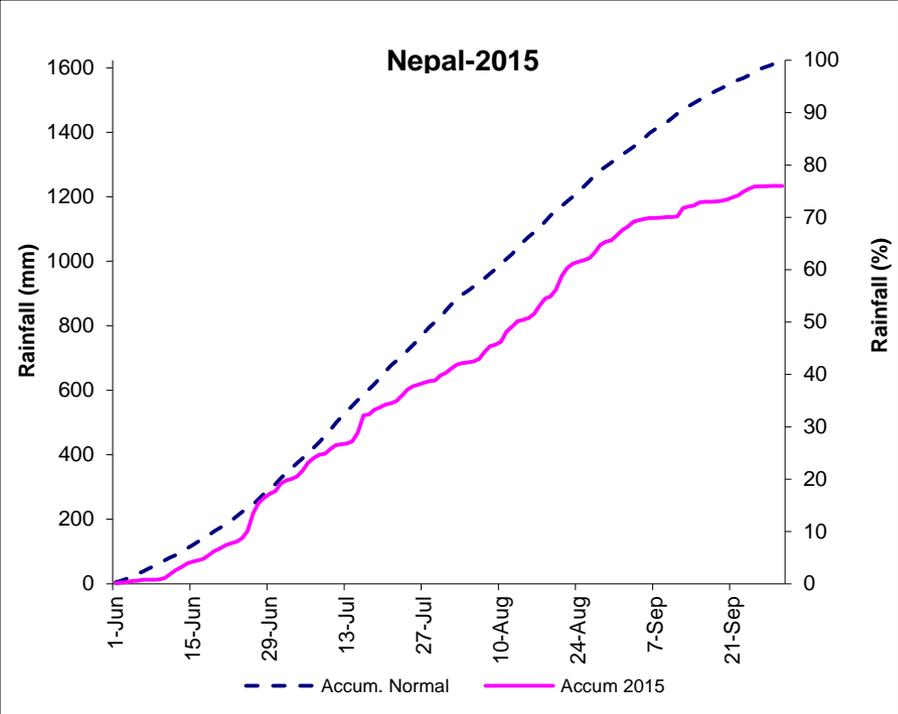
(1 June - 30 September)

Daily Maximum temperature anomaly

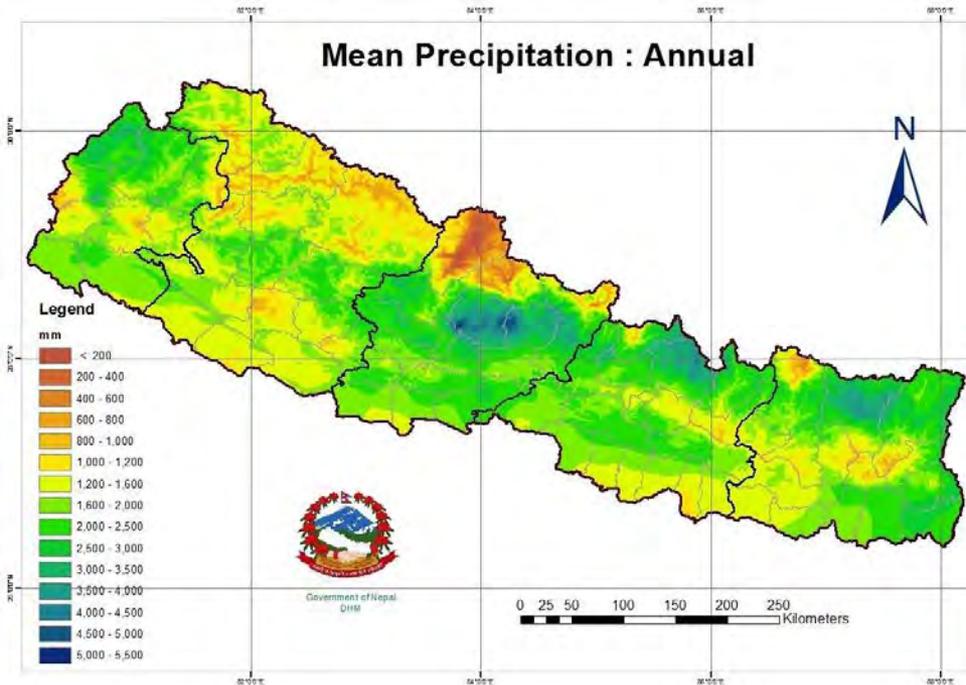


Daily Minimum temperature anomaly

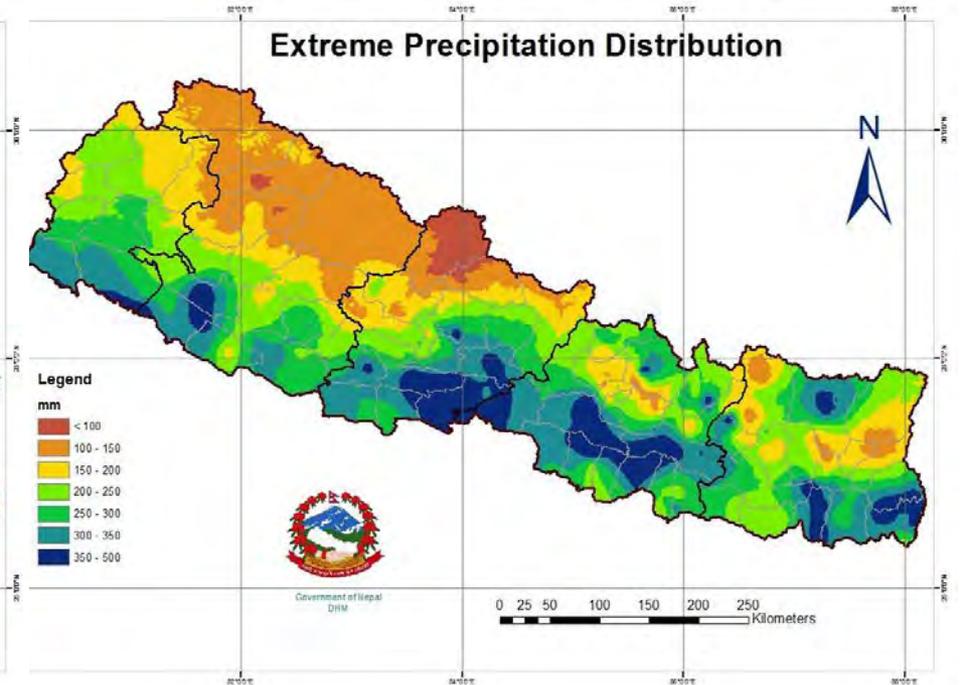




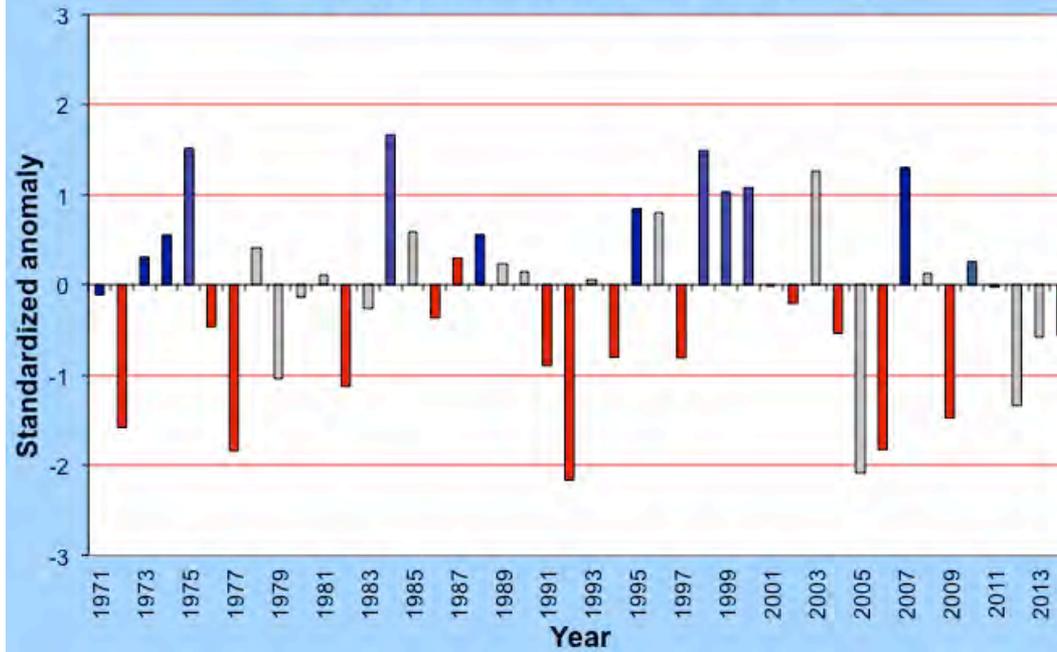
Mean Precipitation : Annual



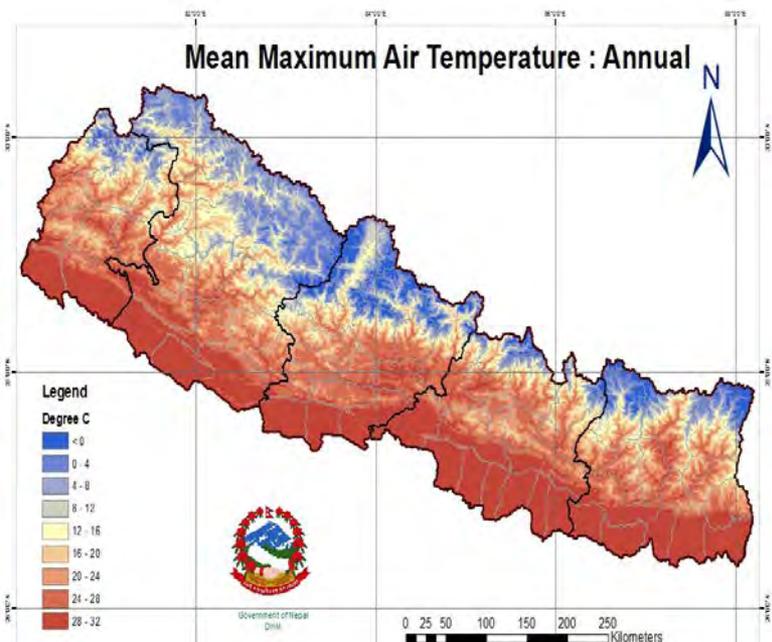
Extreme Precipitation Distribution



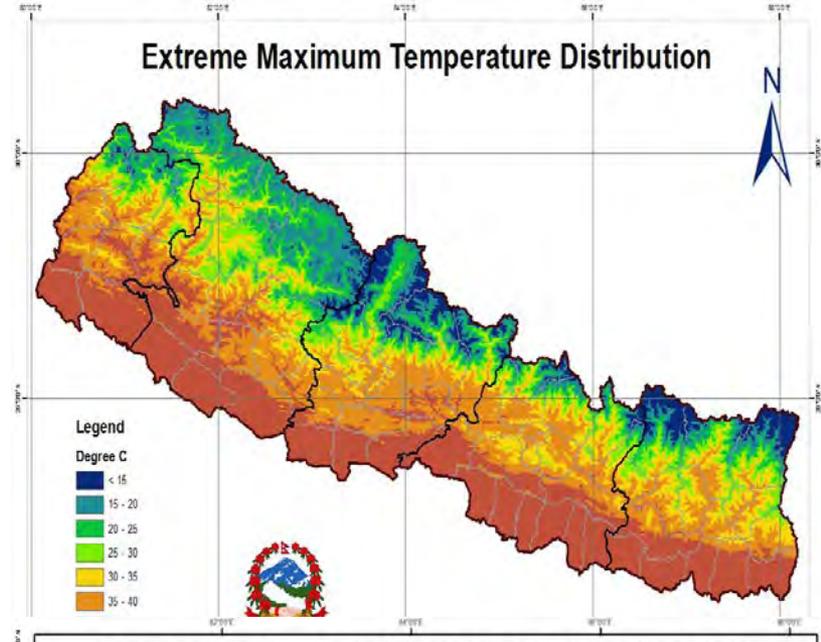
All Nepal monsoon rainfall anomaly



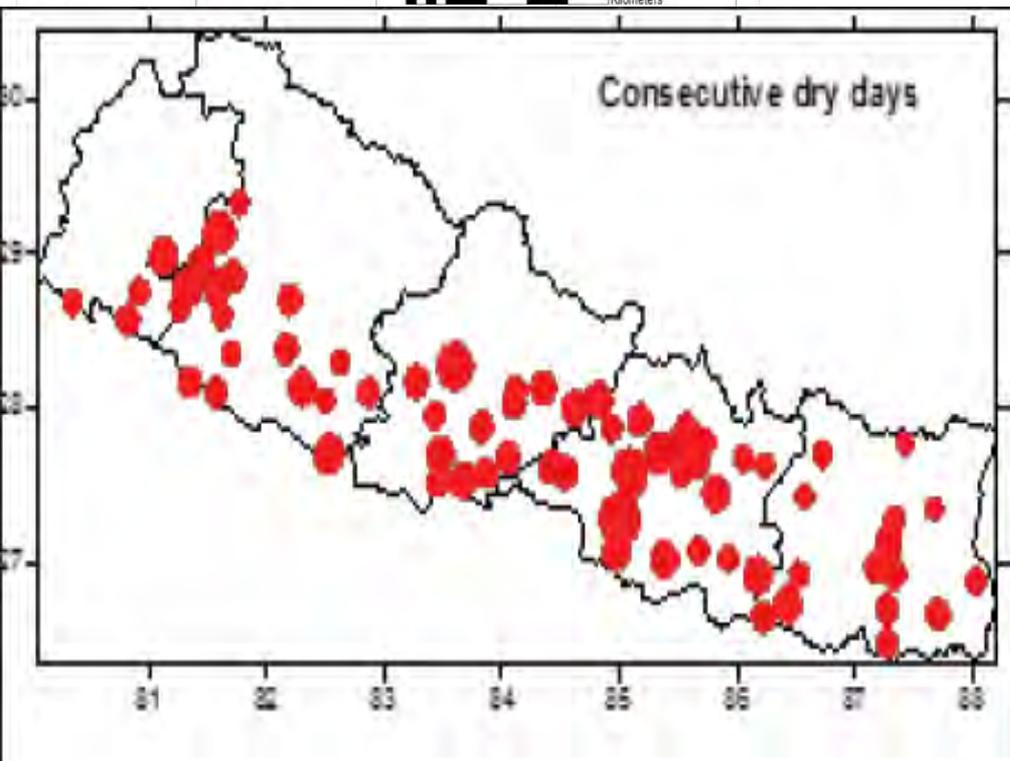
Mean Maximum Air Temperature : Annual



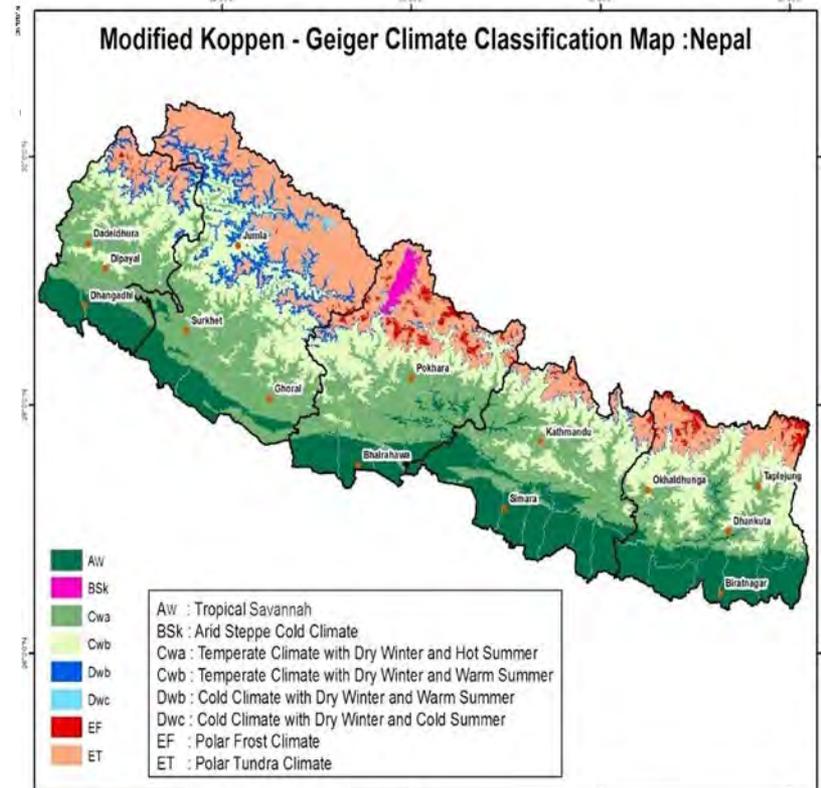
Extreme Maximum Temperature Distribution



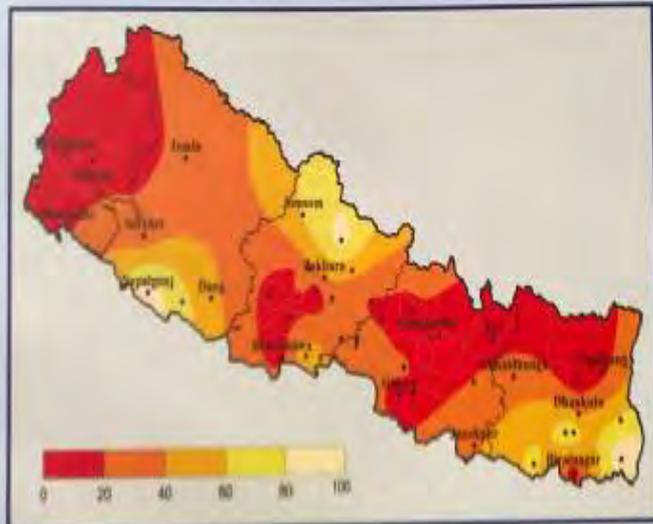
Consecutive dry days



Modified Koppen - Geiger Climate Classification Map :Nepal



WEATHER SUMMARY OF NEPAL YEAR – 2008



Dry winter: 2008 winter rainfall as a percentage of normal winter rainfall



Government of Nepal
Ministry of Environment
Department of Hydrology and Meteorology
Climatology Division, Climate Section
Kathmandu, Nepal
Asadh 2066 (June 2009)



AGROCLIMATIC ATLAS OF NEPAL



Department of Hydrology and Meteorology
Ministry of Science, Technology and Environment (MoSTE)
Government of Nepal (GoN)

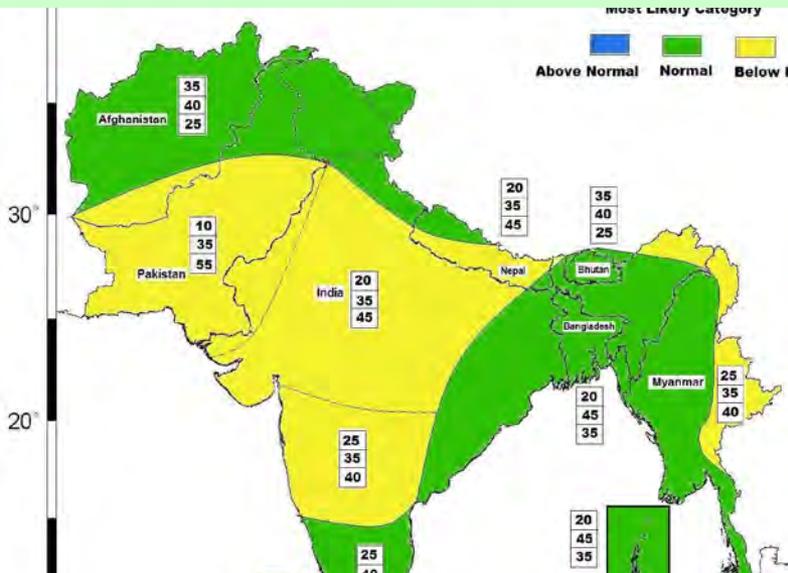


Climate Change Agriculture and Food Security
CGIAR-CCAFS Regional(IGP) Program Unit

Monsoon Forum

CPT Forecast for Monsoon 2015

SASCOF 6- Consensus Forecast for Monsoon 2015



Thresholds:

Climatology: 1982 to 2007

Thresholds:

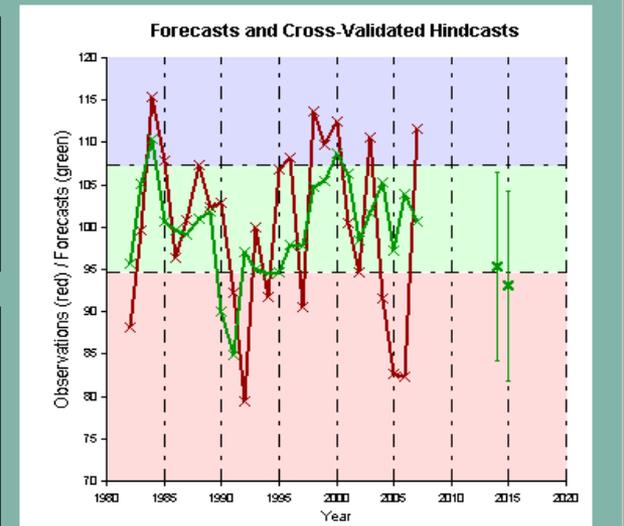
upper	107.400
lower	94.600

above	33%	0.50
normal	33%	0.50
below	33%	0.50

Forecasts:

Probabilities:

Year	Probabilities			Odds		
	B	N	A	B	N	A
2014	47	39	14	0.90	0.64	0.16
2015	56	34	10	1.25	0.52	0.11

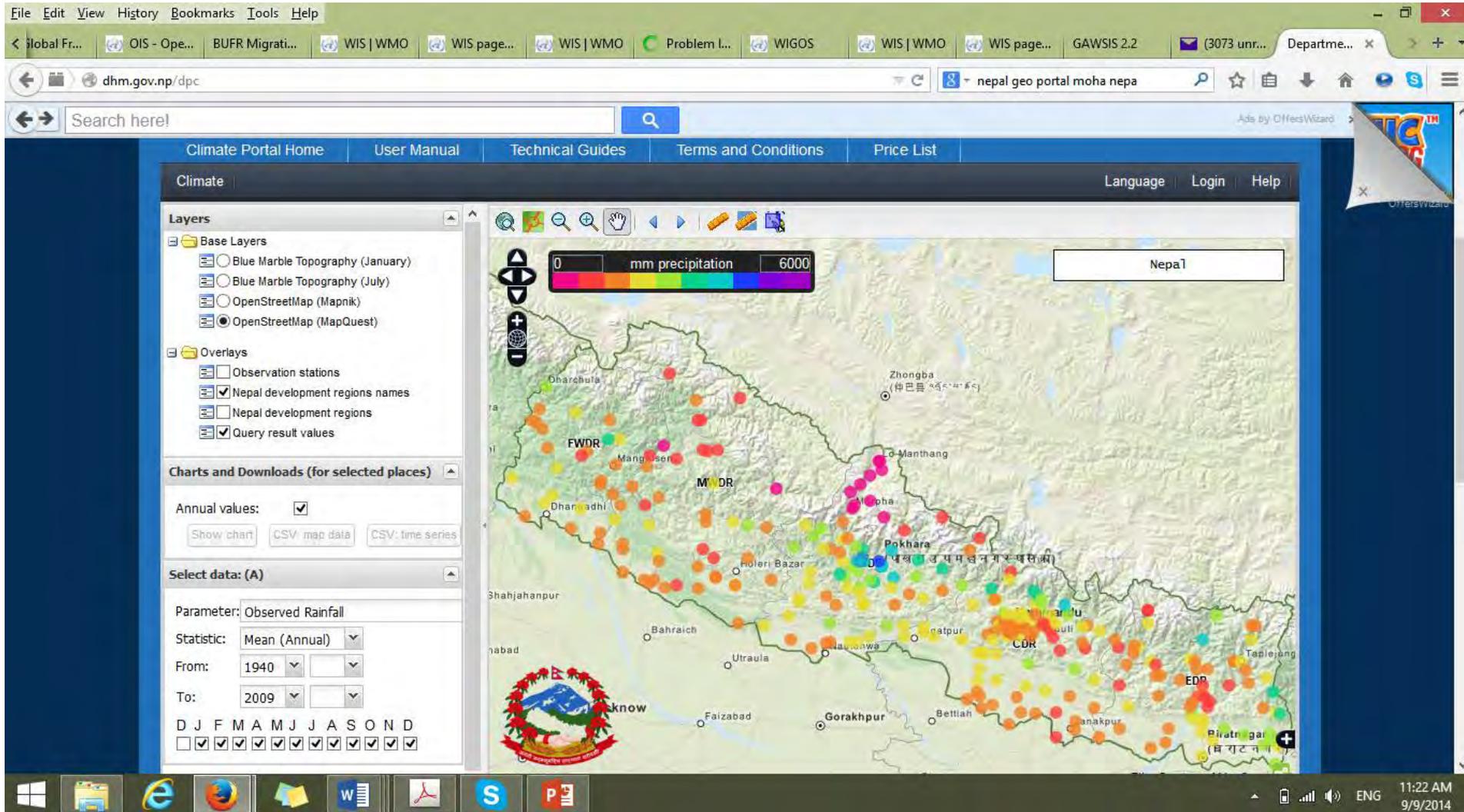


Below average rainfall can be expected during 2015 SW monsoon period in Nepal.



Climate Portal

<http://dhm.gov.np/dpc/>



No sector specific tailored products

Gaps

- Organogram not up to date
- Lack of Human Resource (In many sections only one staff is working)
- Lack of infrastructure (calibration lab, workstations, servers, power backup, fast communication, High power computers etc.)
- Lack of Real time observation Network
- Regular Capacity Building

Gaps

- Lack of capacity for climate research – both basic climate (change) research and multi-disciplinary adaptation research
- Effective tools are needed to prepare variety of climate services and products
- Only few climate experts and lack of expertise on preparation of downscaled climate change scenarios for Nepal
- Lack of sufficient dialogue with users of climate services and lack of customized climate products,

Challenges

- Retaining Human Resource
- Capacity building (Proper training)
- Sustainability
- Service oriented New Organisation Structure

Pilot Program for Climate Resilience (PPCR)

Building Resilience to Climate Related Hazards (BRCH)

Component A
Institutional Strengthening, Capacity Building and Implementation Support of DHM

Component B
Modernization of the Observation Networks and Forecasting

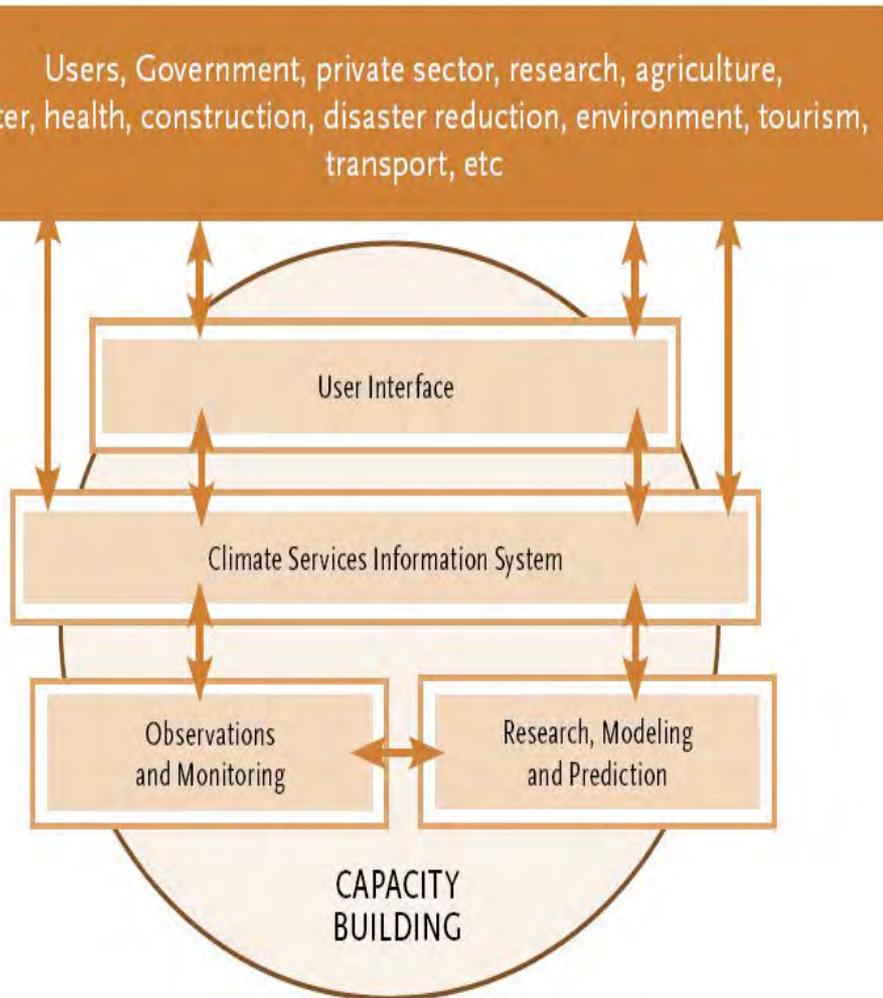
Component C
Enhancement of the Service Delivery System of DHM

Component D
Pilot DHM climate information for users in agriculture Management Information System.

Department of Hydrology and Meteorology

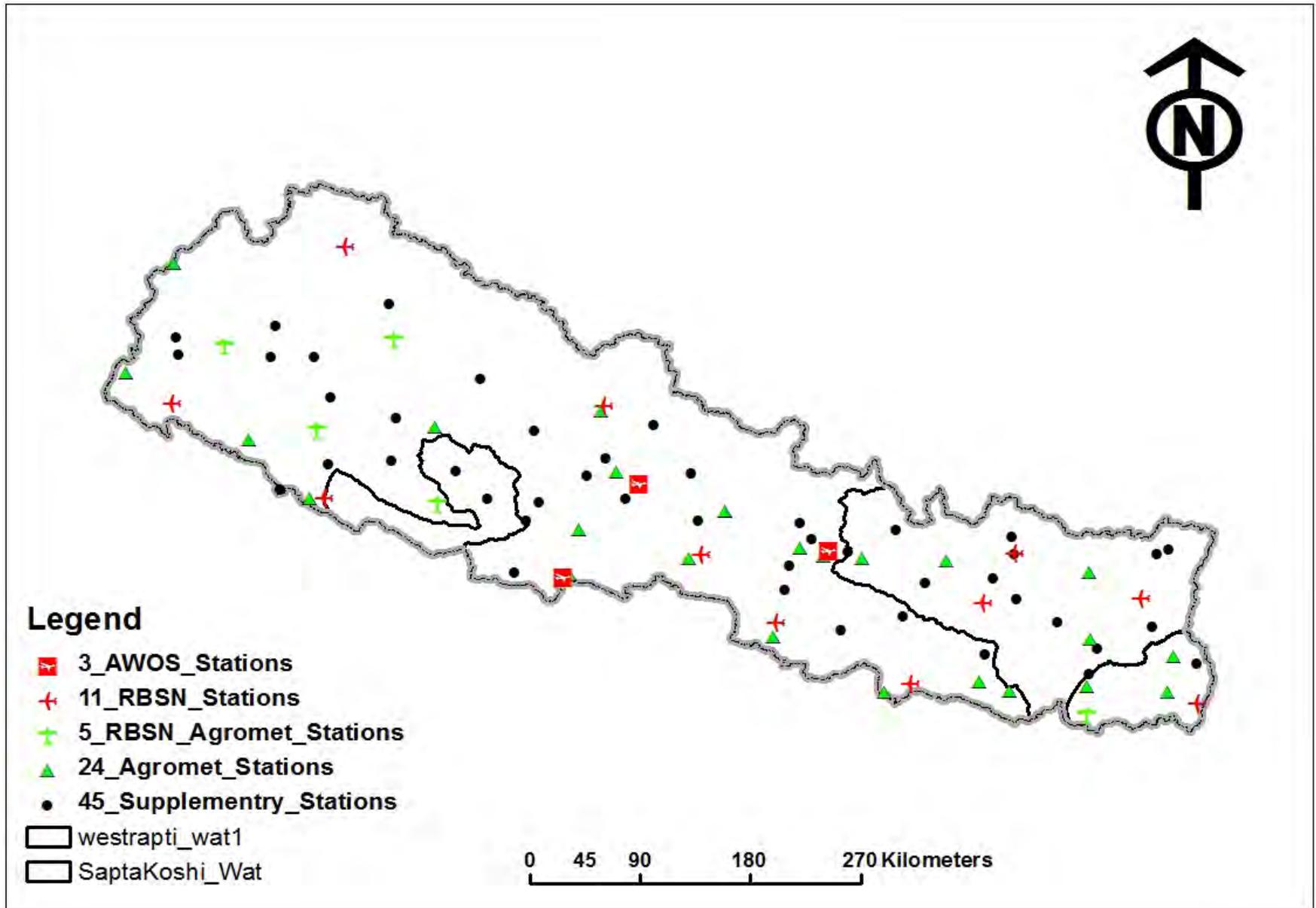
Ministry of Agriculture Development

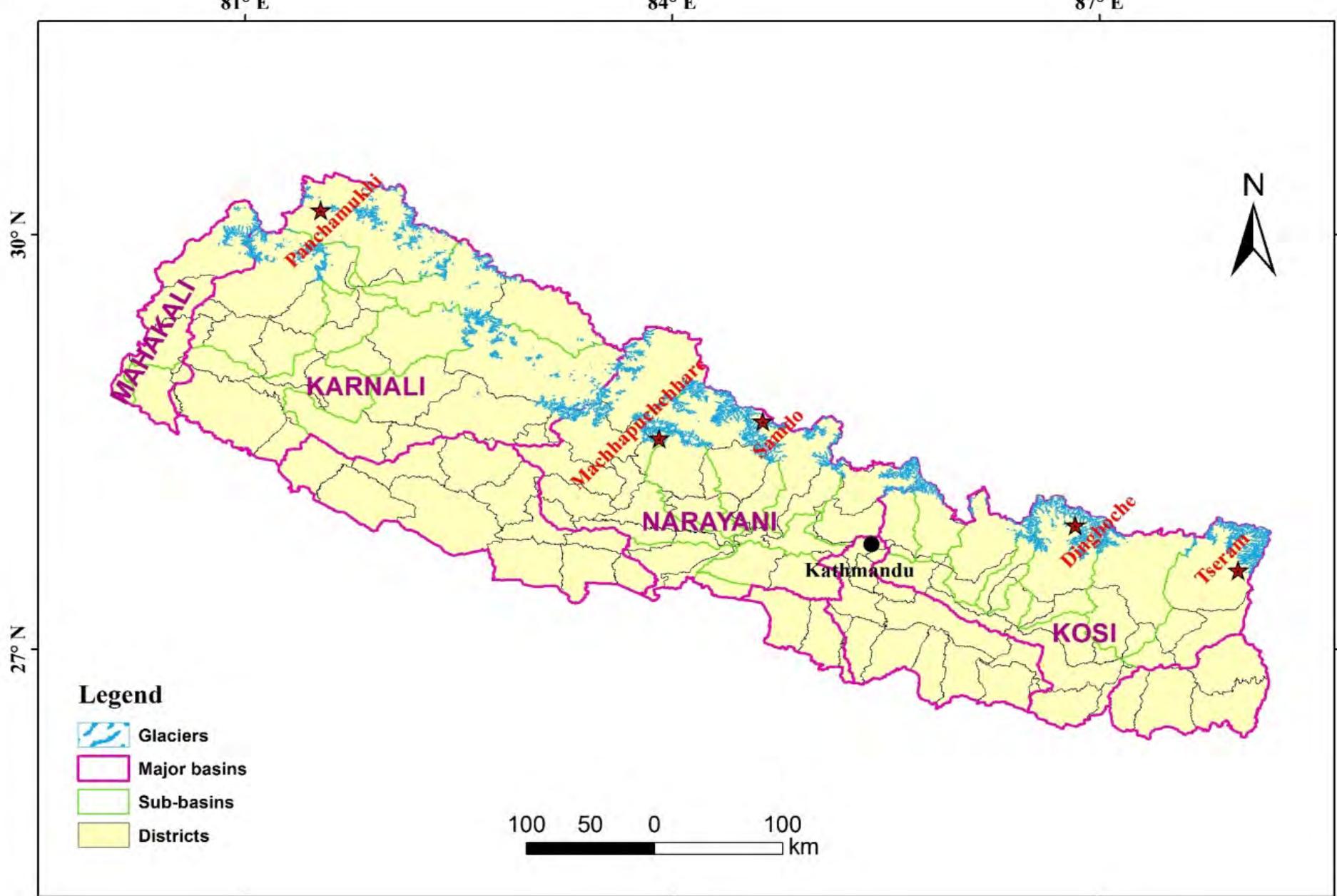
One of the main activities is the establishment of National Framework for Climate Services



- Improved observation Network – 88 Real time AWS
- Organisation Restructuring – Research and Development Division
- Services Division
- Agriculture Management Information System (AMIS), digital library, improved climate portal, apps, TV studio
- Capacity building (DHM, major stake holders)

Observation Network modernization under BRCH Project





Proposed sites to install snow and glacier monitoring equipment from the PPCR

Future Perspective

- **Modernization of DHM's Communication and ICT Systems** (Communication equipment, Archiving and data base development; and remote sensing and GIS laboratory)
- **Computer systems to access climate information**
- **Development of a digital library of climate-relevant information from all sectors for Nepal**
- **Downscale climate forecasts**
- **Information exchange with stakeholders** (Stakeholder engagement)
- **Develop climate expertise through training and twinning**

Implementation Plan

- National consultation on NFCS and preparation of elaborated implementation plan including several sectoral stakeholder working groups to determine customized climate services
- Implementation of new online climate services (climate products)
- -Designing user dialogue platform(s) such as improved climate portal and digital library for climate relevant information from all the sectors.
- - Designing new customized climate services together with stakeholders - product development in DHM



Thank you