Current status of operations of [RCC/RCC-Network]

SUN Yuan
Beijing Climate Center, CMA
Background

Beijing Climate Center (BCC) was established in 2003, based on the National Climate Center of China Meteorological Administration, to better perform its functions as a WMO Regional Climate Centre (RCC).

BCC was designated as a WMO RCC in RA II (Asia) at EC-LXI in June 2009. BCC has the obligations to deliver climate service for neighboring and surrounding countries in Asia and international climate community.

Based on its Climate System Model, BCC provides climate prediction products at monthly, seasonal and inter-annual time scales, particularly over East Asia, well fulfills its function as a WMO RCC and a WMO GPC.
East Asian Summer Monsoon Systems

- Cold air from mid-and high latitudes
- Forced Tibetan Plateau
- Monsoon Low
- Monsoon Trough
- Southeast Trade Wind
- Australian High
- Marskerian High
- Convective Cluster
- Meiyu Front
- Northwestern Pacific Subtropical High
- Typhoon

Additional features include:
- Eastward MJO
- Subtropical High
- Somali Jet
Climate Prediction

Space Scale
- Globe
- Asia
- China
- Province

Time Scale
- Extended
- Monthly
- Seasonal
- Annual

Elements
- Climate events
- Temp. Prep..

Objects
- Meteor. Disasters

Sectors
- ENSO, MJO, Monsoon...
- Flood, drought, TC(Typhoon), heat wave, sandstorm, freezing hazard...

Agriculture, forestry, Hydrology, Air quality
Climate Prediction

Real time seasonal prediction. Start Predicting time: Mar. 2018

Observation (JJA 2018)

Prediction (JJA 2018)

Total prediction results: PS: 77, ACC: 0.25

Successful prediction: the overall precipitation pattern, less precipitation in the Yangtze River and much precipitation in North China.
RCC Operations: Mandatory Functions

1. Operational Data Services

According to mandatory functions, BCC delivers data and products of climate monitoring and monthly to seasonal forecasts to NMHSs through its website.

http://bcc.ncc-cma.net

• Products Dissemination
  - Graphical products disseminated freely at BCC website:
    • http://cmdp.ncc-cma.net/pred/en_md.php for ERF
    • http://cmdp.ncc-cma.net/pred/en_cs.php for LRF
  - Digital data (seasonal forecast and hindcast) download on request at:
    • http://cmdp.ncc-cma.net/nccdownload/en_cgcm.php for registered user
  - Digital forecast and hindcast outputs also sent to WMOLC-LRFMME routinely

- There are a large amount of S2S data to provide users to do research on MJO, extreme events, and etc. Using the released CMA S2S re-forecast data, the present version of BCC S2S model has low MJO forecast skill (~16 days).
• the Second Annual Meeting of the Atmospheric Circulation Reconstructions over the Earth (ACRE) Initiative – China, a co-sponsored project by Chinese and UK experts, was held in Hong Kong, China, 2 March 2017
RCC Operations: Mandatory Functions
2. Climate Monitoring

Monitoring of current conditions in the outlook; Climate data is available for the sub-region of interest at extend-range, monthly and seasonal scales.
RCC Operations: Mandatory Functions

3. Long Range Forecasting

1) ENSO Outlook
2) Indian Ocean SST Outlook
3) EASM Outlook
4) Precipitation and Temperature Outlook
5) Tropical Cyclones Outlook

SST Anomalies

EASM System Anomalies

Cor.(V850&PRECL-JJA, ZQY-JJA) 1980–2014

BCC EASMI=U850(10-20N, 100-150E)-U850(25-35N,100-150E)
Climate Prediction Model System

- BCC-CSM
- BCC-RegCM

- Atmosphere
- Coupler
- Ocean
- Ice
- Land

- Aerosol
- Chemistry

- Extended term prediction
- Monthly prediction
- Seasonal, yearly prediction
- Decadal prediction
- Climate change projection
- Climate assessment

Improve physical process and model resolution
RCC Operations: Mandatory Functions

4. Training/Guidance in the use of RCC products

- To enhance existing capabilities to provide climate services more effectively by establishing the mechanism and workflow in the areas such as improving the data sharing and collaborative products releasing, deepening the cooperation and exchange between different sectors, strengthening cooperative R&D activities and joint training, and optimizing the operational service system and distribution.

- International Seminar on Climate System and Climate Change (ISCS)
- International Training Seminar on Methods for Short-term Climate Prediction
- International training workshop for climate service
- Training and International Visiting Scholar Program
Since 2015 The FODAS has been introduced to the international students participating the GFCS training course from more than 30 countries, i.e., Thailand, Bhutan, Mongolia, North Korea, Africa etc. More than 10 countries are studying the use of this tool for their operational work.
RCC Operations:
Highly Recommended Functions

[Briefly describe performance of highly recommended functions, if any:
- Non-operational data services (including WIS compliance);
- Additional climate variables;
- Climate prediction (other than LRF);
- Climate change projection;
- Regional coordination/collaboration (including project implementation);
- Training/capacity development;
- Research and Development;
- Use of Climate Services Toolkit;
- Major constraints, if any]
ENSO Monitoring and Forecast System

Global SST Monitoring

Satellite based SST Mentoring

BCC_CSM based ENSO Forecast System
Role in RCOF Activities

The Forum on Regional Climate Monitoring-Assessment-Prediction for Regional Association II (RAII)

Since 2005, 14 times of Forum on Regional Climate Monitoring-Assessment-Prediction for Asia have been hosted by BBC, which makes it a very important and effective platform for products distribution and communication of climate prediction.
FOCAII frequency, Once a year
Sources of funding, Regular International Cooperation Fund of CMA
ASEANCOF, EASCOF, SASCOF, NEACOF

Major constraints: Visa problems
User Engagement

Potential applications of seasonal outlooks

Agriculture and food security
In an era of rapid population growth, food security remains a major concern. Agriculture is vulnerable not only to market fluctuations but also to climate variability and climate change and

Disaster risk reduction
Most natural hazards are caused by weather and climate. This example illustrates how user-friendly climate services can help countries and communities build greater resilience.

Energy
Energy systems are the engine of economic and social development. Energy generation and planning of operations are markedly affected by meteorological events and energy systems.

Health
Climate variability and climate change have important repercussions on public health. Temperature and rainfall conditions influence the spread of communicable diseases.

Water
Water is vital for life, but an over or under supply can threaten life, societies and economies. The amount and availability of water is strongly influenced by climate variability and
National Climatic Indication for Ecological Economy

National Climatic Indication refers to the general term of high-quality climate condition, aiming to promote the development of ecological economy by exploiting climate resources based on the local climate characteristics. So far 16 counties or cities have been awarded the "National Climatic Indication ", witnessing an enhancement in local popularity and an increase in the number of tourists and vacationers, and contributing to green economy.

A'er Mountain (Inner Mongolia)

Jiande (Zhejiang)
RCC Web Portal

This is to certify that the domain name rccr2.org has been registered by ncc. And the registration has been put on records in the database of gTLD (Generic Top Level Domain) and ccTLD (Country Code Top Level Domain).

域名: rccr2.org
域名所有者: ncc
Registarant: ncc
注册管理局机构: HICHINA ZHICHENG TECHNOLOGY LTD.
域名注册日期: 2005-12-28
域名到期日期: 2015-12-28

区域气候中心

RCC RA II

- Beijing
- Moscow
- Tokyo

World Regional Climate Centers (RCCs) are centers of excellence that create regional products including long-range forecasts that support regional and national climatic activities, and thereby strengthen the capacity of WMO Members in a given region to deliver better climate services to national users. In RA II, the Beijing Climate Center (RCC), China, and the Tokyo Climate Center (TCC), Japan were designated as RCC Beijing and RCC Tokyo, respectively. In 2009, the North Eurasian Climate Center (NEACC), Russian Federation, was designated as a new RCC (RCC Moscow). In 2013, India began a demonstration phase in May 2013. Iran and Saudi Arabia have intentions to become RCC:

- Afghanistan
- Bahrain
- Bangladesh
- Bhutan
- China
- Democratic People's Republic of Korea
- Hong Kong, China
- India
- Iran
- Islamic Republic of Iraq
- Japan
- Kazakhstan
- Kuwait
- Kyrgyzstan
- Lao People's Democratic Republic
- Macao, China
- Maldives
- Mongolia
- Myanmar
- Nepal
- Oman
- Pakistan
- Qatar
- Republic of Korea
- Russian Federation
- Saudi Arabia
- Sri Lanka
- United Arab Emirates
- Uzbekistan
- Vietnam

Information on relevant meetings, workshops and training seminars/courses

15-17 November 2017
Ninth Session Of The ASEAN Climate Outlook Forum (ASEANCOF-9)

14-16 November 2017
The thirteenth session of North Eurasia Climate Outlook Forum (NEACOF-13)

8-10 November 2017
The Fifth Session of the East Asia winter Climate Outlook Forum (EASCOF-5)

25-27 September 2017
11th Session of the South Asian Climate Outlook Forum (SASCOF-11)
SWOT analysis

Strength:
The platform has been established and operated as a routine work;
Continue support and instruction from WMO Secretariat

Weakness:
Lacks of cooperations among RCCs;
Lacks of a common platform to collect feedback from countries in the region;
Lacks of practice to transform climate outlook to climate services.
Way Forward

More Cooperations with other RCCs.

More interactions with RAII countries.

Make engagement with users to transform prediction to services.

Meeting of the Working Group on Climate Services of WMO RA II to be held from 10-12 December 2018 in Beijing, China

Implementation Planning Meeting of the Third Pole RCC-Networking to be held from 13-14 December 2018 in Beijing, China

The 15th FOCRAII will be held in early May 2019 in Beijing, China
Thank you

Merci

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CSSP-China Progresses

Since 2014, CMA and UKMO have established and strengthened the strategic partnership between the scientists from the two countries. Focusing on research and innovation, based on a solid scientific basis, the project supports the climate service development to meet the needs of economic development.

Shanghai, 2018
Xi’an, 2017
Exeter, 2016
Nanjing, 2015
The Forecast System on Dynamic Analogue Skills (FODAS)

**Concept note, Using the historical prediction Error to Correct the Current Output, transforming the direct model prediction to the model error estimation.**

- **Data sets**
  - Model data
  - Reanalysis data
  - Climate Indices

- **History forecast error sets**

- **The Model Current Prediction**

- **Corr. Ana.**
  - Main indices sets closely correlated with the forecast error

- **Optimal Index Assemble**

- **Historical Analogue Forecast error**

- **Regional compose**

- **Season climate Forecast error**

- **Processing after forecast**

- **Final forecast product**

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**Core Process**

- **BCC_CSM**
- **ECMWF_SYSTEM4**
- **NCEP_CFS2**
Multi-Model Downscaling Ensemble System (MODES)

Downscaling

GPCLRF

BCC  ECMWF  NCEP

Multi-model and multi-method ensemble

EC  NCEP  JMA  BCC
BP-CCA  EOF-ITE  OSR  CPPM

Monthly Prediction

2014-2015 Summer prediction

2014  2015